

■ Product specification code check

Compare the specification code on the case with the following to make sure it is the product you ordered.




















● Code selection table

Item	Code	Specification
1. Series	SRS1-	48 × 48 DIN size Digital Controller
	SRS3-	96 × 96 DIN size Digital Controller
	SRS4-	96 × 48 DIN size Digital Controller
	SRS5-	48 × 96 DIN size Digital Controller
2. Control output	Y-	Contact 240 V AC 2.5 A
	I-	Current 4–20 mA max. 600Ω
	P-	SSR drive voltage 12 V DC 20 mA
	V-	Voltage 0–10 V max. 2 mA
3. Program	N	None
	P	1 pattern 10 steps
4. Event	1	2 points 240 V AC 1.0 A Common
5. Remarks	0	Without
	6	Voltage input (V)
	9	With

■ Error message

Screen display	Problem	Cause	Remedy
(HHHH)	Higher limit scaleover	(1) Break in thermocouple input wiring (2) Break in RTD input A terminal wiring (3) Measured input value exceeded higher limit of measuring range by 10%.	(1) Check thermocouple input wiring for possible break. If there is nothing wrong with wiring, replace thermocouple. (2) Check RTD input A terminal wiring for possible break. If there is nothing wrong with wiring, replace RTD. (3) For voltage or current input, check the measurement signal transmission unit. Check if setting of measuring range code is correct for input signal. (4) Check if input scaling setting is adequate.
(LLLL)	Lower limit scaleover	Measured input value fell below the lower limit of the measuring range by 10%.	(1) Check for measurement input wiring for reverse polarity or possible break, etc. (2) Check if input scaling setting is adequate.
(b---)	Break in RTD input wiring	(1) Break in B wiring (2) Multiple break in ABB wiring	Check RTD input ABB terminal wiring for possible break. If there is nothing wrong with wiring, replace RTD.
(CJHH)	Higher limit scaleover of cold junction (CJ) of thermocouple input	Ambient temperature has exceeded 80°C.	(1) Reduce ambient temperature to the level provided in the environment conditions for the product. (2) If ambient temperature has not exceeded 80°C, inspect the controller.
(CJLL)	Lower limit scaleover of cold junction (CJ) of thermocouple input	Ambient temperature has fallen below -20°C.	(1) Reduce ambient temperature to the level provided in the environment conditions for the product. (2) If ambient temperature has not fallen below -20°C, inspect the controller.

■ Measuring range codes

Input type			Code	Measuring range (°C)	Measuring range (°F)
Multi-input	Thermocouple	B	 *1	0–1800°C	0–3300°F
		R	 *6	-50–1700°C	0–3100°F
		S	 *6	0–1700°C	0–3100°F
		K	 *2	-199.9– 800.0°C	-300–1500°F
				0–1370°C	0–2500°F
		E		0–700°C	0–1300°F
		J	 *2	-200–600°C	-320–1100°F
		T	 *2	-270–400°C	-450–750°F
		N	 *6	0–1300°C	0–2300°F
		PL II	 *3	0–1300°C	0–2300°F
		C(WRe5–26)		0–2300°C	0–4200°F
		U	 *2	-199.9–400.0°C	-300–750°F
		L		0.0–600.0°C	0–1100°F
	Kelvin	K	 *4	10.0–350.0K	
		AuFe–Cr	 *5	0.0–350.0K	
	R.T.D.	Pt100		-200–600°C	-300–1100°F
				-199.9–300.0°C	-300–600°F
	mV	-10–50 mV		Display Scaling range: -1999–9999 digits Span: 10-9999 digits	
Voltage	V	0 – 10 V			

Display accuracy TC: ± (0.3%FS + 1digit + 2°C)
Pt: ± (0.3%FS + 1 digit + 0.1°C)
mV, V: ± (0.3%FS + 1digit)

*1 Accuracy guarantee is not applicable to 400°C (752°F) or below.

Accuracy of indicated values is 400 – 800°C (752 – 1472°F) is ± (0.5%FS + 1digit + 2°C)

*2 Accuracy of indicated values below -100°C (-148°F) is ± (1.5%FS + 1digit + 2°C)

*3 Accuracy of indicated values ± (1.5%FS + 1digit + 2°C)

*4 Accuracy temperature range:

10 – 30K: ± (2.5%FS + 1digit + 2°C)

30 – 70K: ± (1.5%FS + 1digit + 2°C)

70 – 350K: ± (1.0%FS + 1digit + 2°C)

*5 Accuracy of indicated values is ± (1.0%FS + 1digit + 2°C)

*6 Accuracy of indicated values below 200°C (392°F) is ± (0.5%FS + 1digit+2°C)

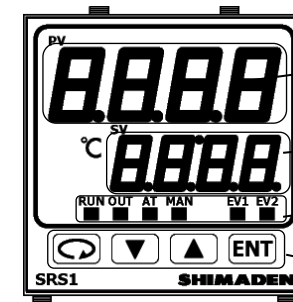
Note: TC: Temperatures below -273 °C (-459 °F) or R.T.D.: Temperatures below -240 °C (-400 °F) are subject to scaleover display.

Thermocouple: With or without a decimal point is selectable for TC and Pt.

Note: Unless otherwise designated, the factory default settings are as follows:

Input range	Code	Measuring range
Multi-input		K 0–1370°C
Voltage input		0-10V

■ Names and functions of parts on front panel



(1) Measured value (PV) display

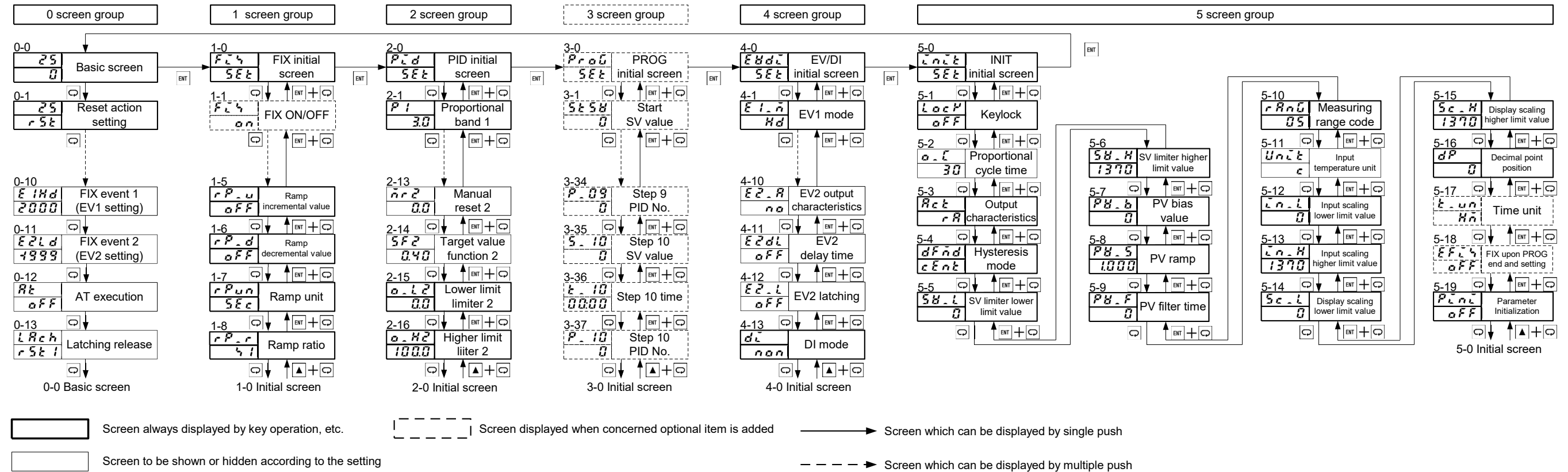
(2) Target set value (SV) display

(3) Action display

(4) Operating keys

Name	Function
(1) Measured value (PV) display	1) Measured value display LED (red) • Displays current measured value (PV) on basic screen (screen 0-0). • Displays type of parameter on each respective parameter display screen.
(2) Target set value (SV) display	2) Target value display LED (green) • Displays current target value (SV) on basic screen (screen 0-0). • Displays set values on each respective parameter setting screen.
(3) Action display	Displays status of controller. • RUN: Action display LED (green) Off: Control halt status (STBY or RST) On: Running by fixed value control status (FIX) Flashing: Running by program control status (RUN) • OUT: Control output (green) For output by contact or SSR drive voltage: Off: Output is OFF. On: Output is ON. For voltage/current output: Off when output is 0% and On when output is 100%. In other cases, flashes at intervals of 0.5 seconds (multiples of 0.5 sec.). • AT: Auto tuning LED (green) Off: Auto tuning not executed On: Auto tuning standby Flashing: Auto tuning being executed • MAN: Manual control LED (green) Off: Automatic control operating status Flashing: Manual control operating status • EV1: Event output 1 (orange) • EV2: Event output 2 (orange) Off: Event output is OFF. On: Event output is ON.
(4) Operating keys	: Parameter key Displays the next screen in various screen groups. : Down key Decrements set values. : Up key Increments set values. : Entry key Confirms set values. Displays various screen groups if no SV values are being modified on the basic screen.

■ Parameter schematic diagram



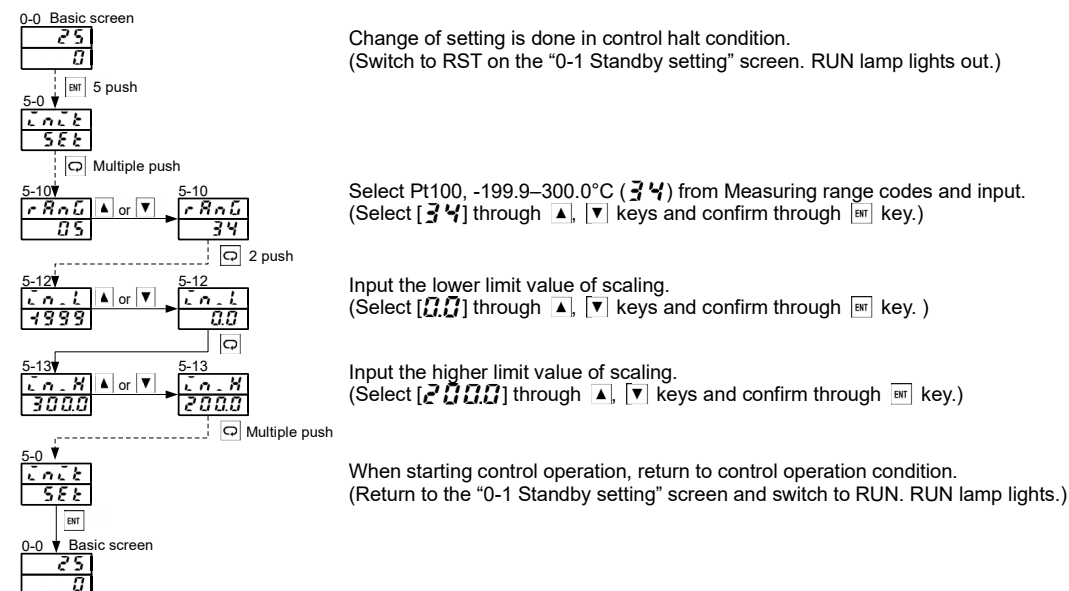
■ Setting of various parameters

Display the various parameters, select the desired value through \uparrow , \downarrow keys and confirm through \square key.

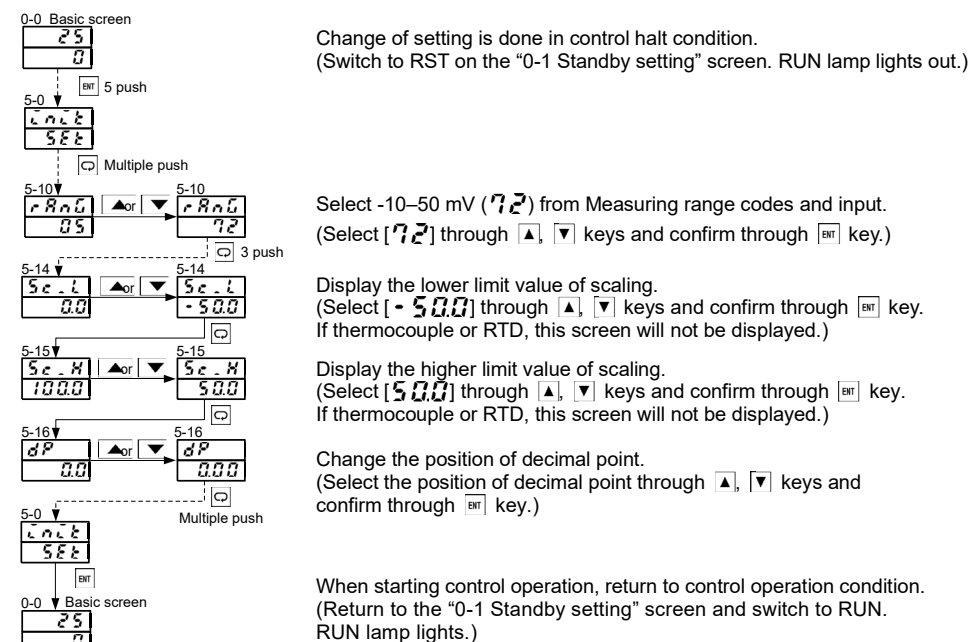
● Input type and measuring range setting

Input type and scaling are set according to the sensor connected to this equipment.
By changing these parameters, registered data are initialized.

Example 1) When input range is Pt100, 0.0–200.0°C:



Example 2) When input is -10–50 mV DC, and scaling is -5.00–5.00:

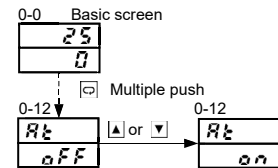


■ Operation mode setting

This shows the setting method of operation mode, the PID control and ON/OFF (2-position) control.

● PID control mode

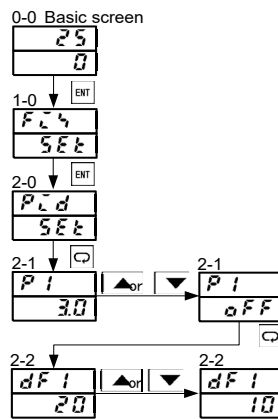
When shipped from our factory, PID control mode is set.
Execute auto-tuning (automatic PID calculation) according to the following procedures.



While in AT execution, AT lamp lights and system operation is actually executed. Execute under the condition that all systems are operable.
When AT lamp lights out, it is a sign that AT has ended. After AT ends, P/I/D/MR parameter is overwritten with the appropriate value.

● ON/OFF (2-position) control mode

In switching to ON/OFF control mode, please set proportional band (P) to OFF.



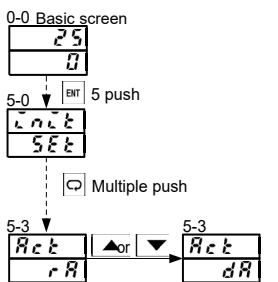
Set to OFF proportional band that corresponds to SV No.
(Select OFF through \blacktriangledown key and confirm through ENT key.)

Set "hysteresis" while on ON-OFF operation.
(Select "hysteresis" through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

● Output characteristics switching

This shows the switching setting method of control output characteristics.

Example) In switching control output from heating to cooling characteristics.



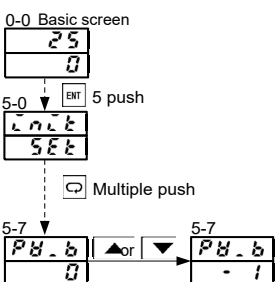
◆ Characteristics Code
Heating (humidification) characteristics: **rR**
Cooling (dehumidification) characteristics: **dR**

Changing control output characteristics from heating to cooling.
(Select **dR** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

● Measured value (PV) correction

This shows the correction method of measured value (PV).

Example) When making a subtraction correction by +1.0°C



On the PV bias value setting screen, subtraction correction is made by +1.0°C.
(Select **- 1** by \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm by ENT key.)

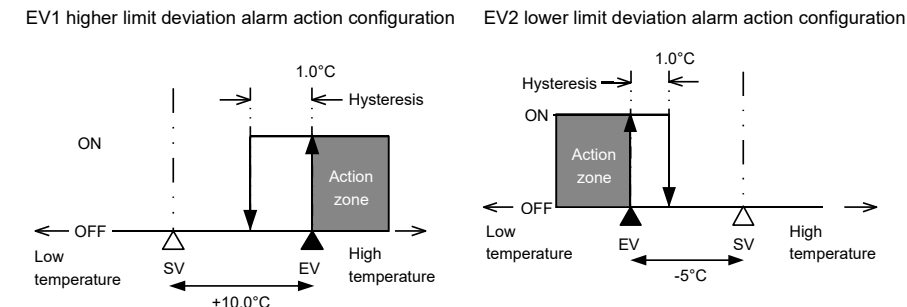
■ Event output setting

This shows event action mode setting and action position setting method.

Before setting event action position, first set event action mode.

By changing event action mode, registered data related to the event are initialized.

Example) When measured value (PV) is target value (SV) + 10.0°C, event output 1 (EV1) is engaged.
When measured value (PV) is target value (SV) - 5.0°C, event output 2 (EV2) is engaged. Both EVs are engaged at the hysteresis of 1.0°C.



0-0 Basic screen

25 0

ENT 4 push

4-0 EEdL SEt

4-1 E1.n Hd

4-2 E1.d 20

4-7 E2.n Ld

4-8 E2.d 20

4-0 EEdL SEt

0-0 25 0

ENT 2 push

0-10 E1HA 2000

0-11 E2Ld -5

◆ Event action mode

Refer to "Alarm action configuration" and "Event type codes."

Set action mode of Event Output 1 (EV1) to higher limit deviation alarm (**Hd**).
(Select **Hd** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

Set hysteresis of Event Output 1 ON position and OFF position.
(Select **20** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

Set Event 2 (EV2) action mode to lower deviation alarm (**Ld**).
(Select **Ld** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

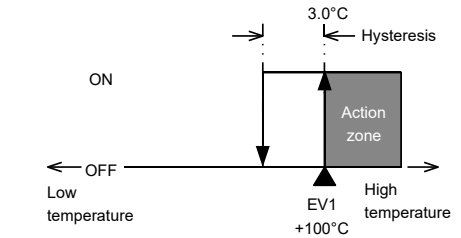
Set hysteresis of Event Output 2 ON position and OFF position.
(Select **20** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

Set Event Output 1 action point at target value (SV) +10.0°C.
(Select **10** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

Set Event Output 2 action point at target value (SV) -5.0°C.
(Select **- 5** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

Example) When measured value (PV) exceeds 100.0°C, event output 1 (EV1) is operated at the hysteresis of 3.0°C.

EV1 higher limit deviation alarm action configuration



0-0 Basic screen

25 0

ENT 4 push

4-0 EEdL SEt

4-1 E1.n Hd

4-2 E1.d 20

4-7 E2.n Ld

4-8 E2.d 20

4-0 EEdL SEt

0-0 25 0

ENT 2 push

0-10 E1HA 2000

0-11 E2Ld -5

Set action mode of event output 1 (EV1) to higher limit absolute value (**HA**).
(Select **HA** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

Set hysteresis of ON position and OFF position of event output 1.
(Select **3** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

Set action point of event output 1 at 100.0°C.
(Select **100** through \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown keys and confirm through ENT key.)

● Event type codes (use in 4-1 screen and 4-7 screen)

Code	Types of event	Remarks
non (non)	No selection	
Hd (Hd)	Higher limit deviation alarm	EV1 initial value
Ld (Ld)	Lower limit deviation alarm	EV2 initial value
od (od)	Outside higher/lower limit deviation alarm	
id (id)	Inside higher/lower limit deviation alarm	
HA (HA)	Higher limit absolute value alarm	
LA (LA)	Lower limit absolute value alarm	
So (So)	Scale over	
run (run)	RUN signal (program being executed)	
rot1 (rot1)	Control output inverted output	For control output Y only (contact only)
StPS (StPS)	Step signal	For program control only
PtnS (PtnS)	Pattern signal	For program control only
EndS (EndS)	Program end signal	For program control only
HoLd (HoLd)	Hold signal	For program control only
ProG (ProG)	Program signal	For program control only
u_SL (u_SL)	Upslope signal	For program control only
d_SL (d_SL)	Downslope signal	For program control only
GUA (GUA)	Guarantee soak	For program control only